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OCC

Volatility Trading Strategies

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Volatility Strategies

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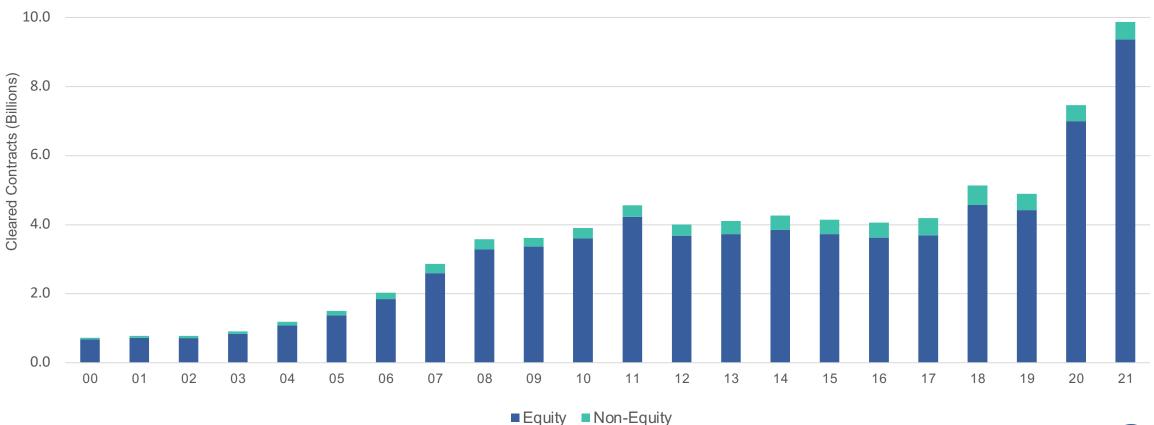






Annual Options Volume 2000-2021

OCC Annual Contract Volume by Contract Type



Presentation Outline

- Long Straddle and Long Strangle
- Short Straddle vs. Iron Butterfly
- Short Strangle vs. Iron Condor
- Choosing strikes and expirations
- Profit and loss calculations, and managing positions at expiration
- Q & A





Long Straddle and Long Strangle





Long Straddle Characteristics

Can take advantage of a potential large market move and/or rising implied volatility

- Combines naked long call with naked long put (same month and strike)
- Limited risk up or down
- Unlimited upside reward / Limited downside reward to zero
- Theta (time decay) is working against you, as is decreasing levels of implied volatility





Long Straddle Defined

Buy one **call** option and **Buy** one **put** option

- <u>Same</u> underlying
- <u>Same</u> expiration dates
- <u>Same</u> strike prices (typically at-the-money)



Buying 1 Jan 87.50 call and 1 Jan 87.50 put



Long Straddle Example

XYZ @ \$87.50 45 Days to Expiration

Buying 1 45-day 87.50 straddle for \$4.00

Maximum Gain: Upside theoretically unlimited / downside to zero

Maximum Risk: \$400 (100% of investment)

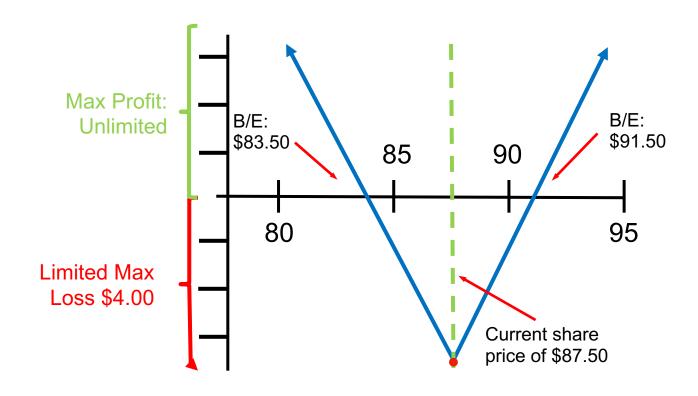
Break-even: \$83.50 and \$91.50



Long Straddle Example

- Buy 1 87.50 Call \$1.90
- Buy 1 87.50 Put \$2.10

Net Debit \$4.00





Long Strangle Characteristics

Can take advantage of a potential large market move and/or rising implied volatility

- Combines naked long OTM call with a naked long OTM put (different strikes / same month)
- May be profitable if the stock makes a sharp move up or down
- Limited risk up or down
- Costs less than the straddle but needs a greater move in the underlying to be profitable
- Volatility is a BIG player
- Time ISN'T on your side (Decay)



Long Strangle Example

XYZ @ \$87.50 45 Days to Expiration

Buy 1 45-day **90.00** Call \$ 1.20

Buy 1 45-day **85.00** Put \$ 1.30

Net Debit \$ 2.50

Maximum Gain: Unlimited to Upside / Limited downside to zero

Maximum Risk: \$250 (100% of investment)

Break-even: \$82.50 and \$92.50

Jan calls

85

Buy 90

90

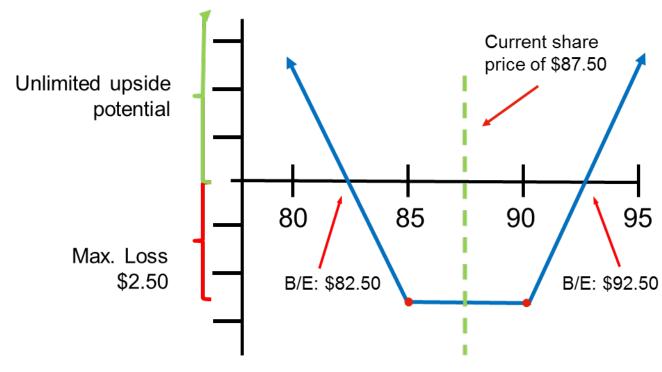


Long Strangle Example

Buy 1 45-day **90.00** Call \$ 1.20

Buy 1 45-day **85.00** Put \$ 1.30

Net Debit \$ 2.50





Short Straddle vs. Short Iron Butterfly



Short Straddle Characteristics

Can take advantage of a neutral to range bound security and/or falling implied volatility

- Combines naked short ATM call with a naked short ATM put (same strike same month)
- May be profitable if the stock stays rangebound around the short strikes
- Unlimited upside risk / downside risk to zero
- Income generation
- Time IS on your side (Decay) as is a decrease in IV



Short Straddle Example

XYZ @ \$87.50 45 Days to Expiration

Selling 1 45-day 87.50 call at \$1.90 Selling 1 45-day 87.50 put for \$2.10

Net Credit \$ 4.00

• Maximum Gain: \$400

• Maximum Risk: Unlimited upside risk / downside risk to zero

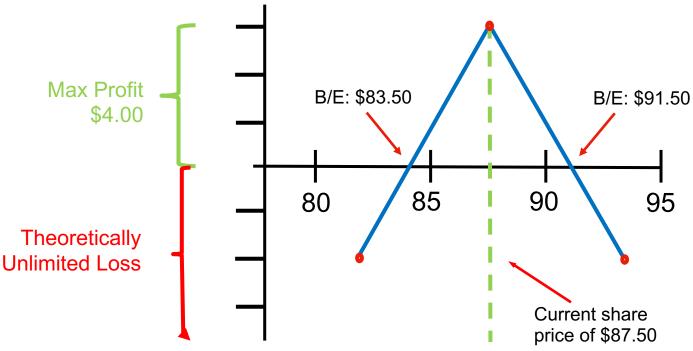
• Break-even: \$83.50/91.50 (net credit minus / plus strike)



Short Straddle Example

Sell 87.50 call at \$1.90 Sell 87.50 put at \$2.10

Net Credit \$4.00





What is a Long Butterfly?

Combination of either:

- Bull call spread + Bear call spread
- Bear put spread + Bull put spread

Consists of:

- 3 Options series
- Traditional butterfly either all calls or all puts
- Strikes equal distance apart
- Always a net debit



Why Butterflies?

- Defined risk
- Cost
- Delta neutral
- Positive theta (time decay)
- Ability to sell high IV with limited risk
- Bullish/ Bearish/ Neutral







Short Iron Butterfly Characteristics

Can take advantage of a neutral to range bound security and/or falling implied volatility

- Combines a long OTM strangle and a short ATM straddle (same month)
- Can also be viewed as selling a bull put credit spread and selling a bear call credit spread
- Maximum profit achieved at short strikes at expiration
- Limited risk up / down
- Income generation
- Time IS on your side (Decay) as is flat or decreasing levels of IV



Short Iron Butterfly Example

XYZ @ \$87.50 45 Days to ExpirationSelling 1 45-day 87.50 straddle at \$4.00 Buying 1 45-day 85/90 strangle for \$2.50

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Net Credit $ 1.50
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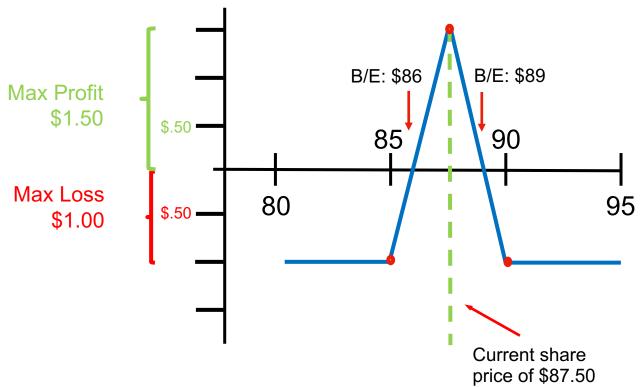
- Maximum Gain: \$1.50
- Maximum Risk: \$1.00 (\$87.50 85.00 \$1.50)
- Upper break-even: Short strike + credit received (87.50 + 1.50 = 89.00)
- Lower break-even: Short strike credit received (87.50 1.50 = 86.00)
- Assignment risk at expiration



Short Iron Butterfly Example

Sell 87.50 straddle at \$4.00 Buy 85/90 strangle for \$2.50

Net Credit \$ 1.50





Short Straddle / Short Iron Butterfly Greeks

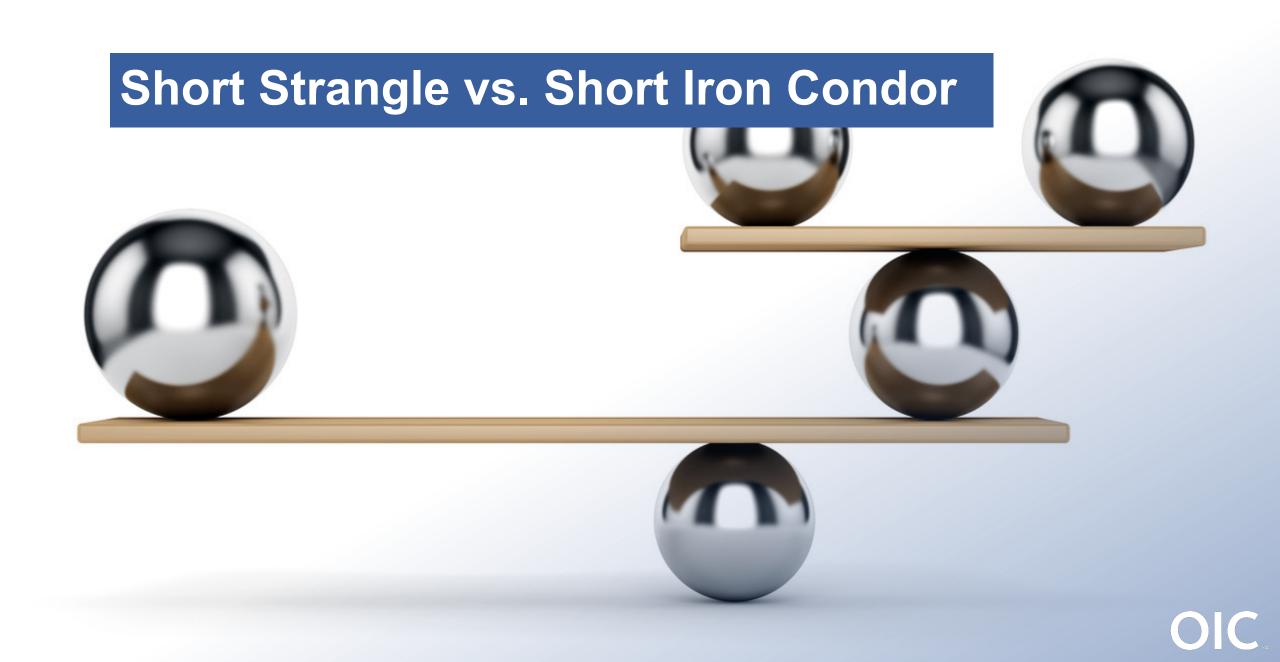
Greek	Effect	Comments
Delta	Varies	If using ATM options / near neutral. Can also be structured directionally.
Gamma	Negative	When the underlying price rises both positions become more short. When the underlying price falls both positions become more long.
Theta	Positive	The extrinsic value of options decreases over time, leading to decreasing options prices.
Vega	Negative	A decrease in IV is beneficial as it leads to lower option prices.



Risk vs. Reward

	Short Straddle	Short Iron Butterfly
Profit Potential	Higher	Lower
Max loss potential	Higher	Lower
Trading range to profit	Wider	Narrow
IV exposure	Short	Short





Short Strangle Characteristics

Can take advantage of a neutral to range bound security and/or falling implied volatility

- Combines naked short OTM call with a naked short OTM put (different strikes / same month)
- May be profitable if the stock stays rangebound between the breakevens
- Unlimited upside risk / downside risk to zero
- Income generation
- Time IS on your side (Decay) as is a decrease in IV



Short Strangle Example

XYZ @ \$87.50 45 Days to Expiration

Sell 1 45-day **90.00** Call \$ 1.20

Sell 1 45-day **85.00** Put \$ 1.30

Net Credit \$ 2.50

Maximum Gain: \$250 Credit received

Maximum Risk: Unlimited upside risk / downside risk to zero

Break-even: \$82.50 and \$92.50

Jan calls

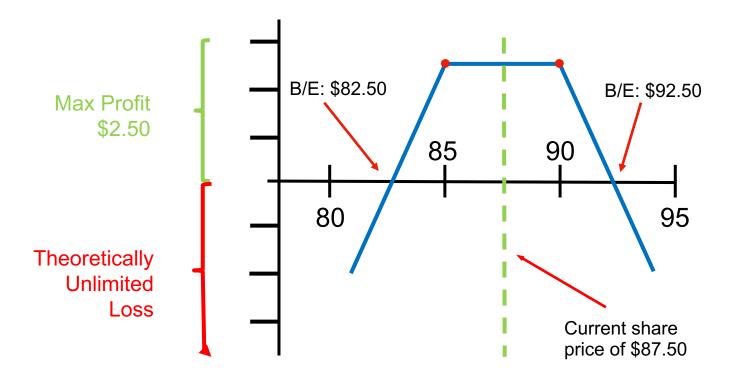
85
85
Sell 90
90



Short Strangle Example

Sell 90.00 call for \$1.20 Sell 85.00 put for \$1.30

Net Credit





What is a Short Iron Condor?

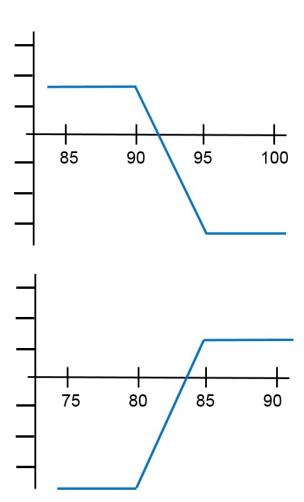
A Short Iron Condor is:

• The sale of a call credit spread

and

• The sale of a put credit spread

The same underlying, the same expiration month, both spreads employing out-of-the-money options





Short Iron Condor Characteristics

Can take advantage of a neutral to range bound security and/or falling implied volatility

- Combines long strangle with a short strangle (different strikes / same month)
- May be profitable if the stock stays rangebound between the breakevens
- Limited Risk / Difference in strikes less the credit received
- Income generation
- Time IS on your side (Decay) as is a decrease in IV



Iron Condor Example

XYZ @ \$88.50 28 Days to Expiration Expected price range: \$85 to \$90

Sell the 90 – 95 call credit spread at \$1.70 Sell the 85 – 80 put credit spread at \$1.35 Net Credit \$3.05

- Selling an inside strangle / purchasing an outside strangle
- This is a *typical* Iron Condor



Iron Condor Example

XYZ @ \$88.50. Sell the 85-80 put credit spread and the 90-95 call credit spread at \$3.05

Maximum Gain: \$305

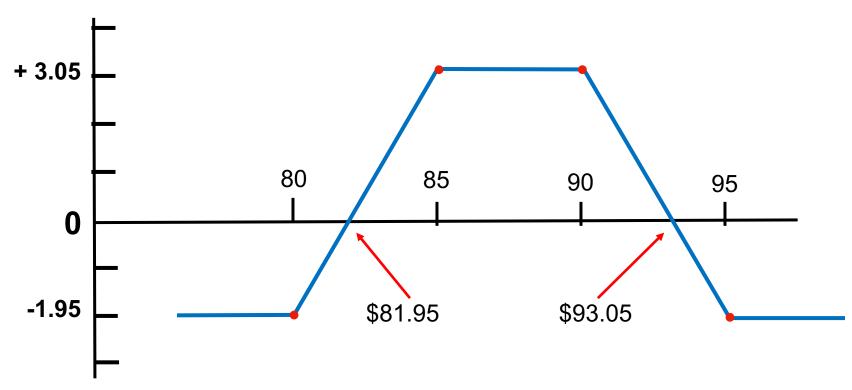
Maximum Risk: \$195 (Difference in strikes less the credit received)

break-even: \$93.05 and/or \$81.95



Iron Condor P & L

Sell the **90-95 call credit spread** and the **80-85 put credit spread** for a *net credit of* **\$3.05**





Short Strangle / Short Iron Condor Greeks

Greek	Effect	Comments
Delta	Varies	If using strikes equally distant from stock / near neutral. Can also be structured directionally.
Gamma	Negative	When the underlying price rises both positions become more short. When the underlying price falls both positions become more long.
Theta	Positive	The extrinsic value of options decreases over time, leading to decreasing options prices.
Vega	Negative	A decrease in IV is beneficial as it leads to lower option prices.



Risk vs. Reward

	Short Strangle	Short Iron Condor
Profit Potential	Higher	Lower
Max loss potential	Higher	Lower
Trading range to profit	Width of Strikes -/+ credit	Narrower
IV exposure	Short	Short



Characteristics of Spreads

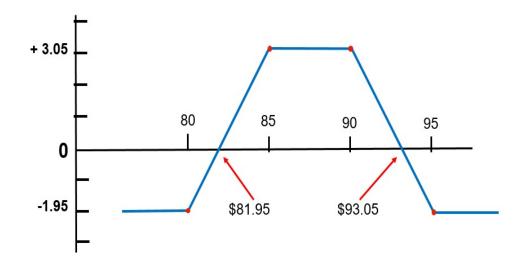
Conclusions:

- Lower risk than selling naked short options
- Limited profit and loss potential
- More commissions
- Must have a specific time and price forecast
- Iron Condor two chances to "get scared"



Other Considerations

- Commissions (in and out)
- Stock price <u>between strikes</u> at expiration



- e.g. XYZ at \$92.50. Short call is assigned; long call expires
- New position: Short 100 shares

or

- e.g. XYZ at \$81.00. Short put is assigned; long put expires
- New position: Long 100 shares
- Iron Condor either of above could happen



Key Points

- Long straddles and strangles are defined risk strategies used to take advantage of an outsized move in the underlying
- Short iron butterflies and short iron condors are defined risk strategies to sell high implied volatility or to take advantage of a range bound underlying
- Short straddles and strangles are undefined risk strategies to sell high implied volatility or to take advantage of a range bound underlying. There is the potential for increased profitability, but there is increased risk.
- All can be constructed directionally (bullish/bearish/neutral)
- Early assignment can change the risk profiles of these strategies



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